#### §615.5172

- (ii) The payment of cash;
- (iii) Debt forgiveness or reduction;
- (iv) Interest rate concessions or interest-free loans;
- (v) The transfer of loans at other than fair market value:
- (vi) The reduction or elimination of standard loan servicing or other fees; and
- (vii) The assumption of operating or other expenses, such as legal fees or insurance premiums.
- (2) Preferential transfer of capital means a transfer of capital that is not available to all similarly situated affiliated associations.
- (3) Nonroutine transfer of capital means a transfer of capital that is not available in the ordinary course of business.
- (b) Considerations for preferential or nonroutine transfers of capital. Before authorizing a preferential or nonroutine transfer of capital, a bank board of directors must take into account and document whether:
- (1) The transfer of capital is in the best interests of all of the shareholders:
- (2) The bank will be able to achieve its capital adequacy and business plan goals after making the transfer of capital; and
- (3) The transfer of capital is the "least cost" alternative available and will enable the association to maintain sound, adequate, and constructive service to borrowers.
- (c) Notification requirements. At least 30 days before making a preferential or nonroutine transfer of capital to an affiliated association, banks must provide shareholders and the Chief Examiner of the Farm Credit Administration with a description of the transfer and the documentation required by paragraph (b) of this section.

[64 FR 49961, Sept. 15, 1999]

#### § 615.5172 Production credit association and agricultural credit association investment in farmers' notes given to cooperatives and dealers.

(a) In accordance with policies prescribed by the board of directors of the Farm Credit Bank or agricultural credit bank and each production credit association and agricultural credit association (hereinafter association(s)),

- such association(s) may invest in notes, conditional sales contracts, and other similar obligations given to cooperatives and private dealers by farmers and ranchers eligible to borrow from such associations.
- (b) Such notes and other obligations evidencing purchases of farm machinery, supplies, equipment, home appliances, and other items of a capital nature handled by cooperatives and private dealers will be eligible for purchase as investments.
- (c) The total amount which an association may invest in such obligations at any one time shall not exceed 15 percent of the balance of its loans outstanding at the close of the association's preceding fiscal year. In addition, the total amount which an association may invest in such obligations that are originated by any one cooperative or private dealer, at any one time, shall not exceed 50 percent of association capital and surplus.
- (d) All notes in which an association invests shall be endorsed with full recourse against the cooperative or dealer. The association shall contact each notemaker who meets the association's credit standards to encourage him to become a borrower.

[54 FR 1158, Jan. 12, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 24888, June 19, 1990; 55 FR 38313, Sept. 18, 1990. Redesignated at 58 FR 63056, Nov. 30, 1993

# §615.5173 Stock of the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation.

Banks and associations of the Farm Credit System are authorized to purchase and hold Class B common stock of the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation pursuant to section 8.4 of the Farm Credit Act.

[58 FR 63058, Nov. 30, 1993]

#### §615.5174 Farmer Mac securities.

(a) General authority. You may purchase and hold mortgage securities that are issued or guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac securities). You may

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purchase and hold Farmer Mac securities for the purposes of managing credit and interest rate risks, and furthering your mission to finance agriculture. The total value of your Farmer Mac securities cannot exceed your total outstanding loans, as defined by §615.5131(f).

- (b) Board and management responsibilities. Your board of directors must adopt written policies that will govern your investments in Farmer Mac securities. All delegations of authority to specified personnel or committees must state the extent of management's authority and responsibilities for managing your investments in Farmer Mac securities. The board of directors must also ensure that appropriate internal controls are in place to prevent loss, in accordance with §615.5133(e). Management must submit quarterly reports to the board of directors on the performance of all investments in Farmer Mac securities. Annually, your board of directors must review these policies and the performance of your Farmer Mac securities and make any changes that are needed.
- (c) *Policies*. Your board of directors must establish investment policies for Farmer Mac securities that include your:
- (1) Objectives for holding Farmer Mac securities.
  - (2) Credit risk parameters including:
- (i) The quantities and types of Farmer Mac mortgage securities that are collateralized by qualified agricultural mortgages, rural home loans, and loans guaranteed by the Farm Service Agency.
- (ii) Product and geographic diversification for the loans that underlie the security; and
- (iii) Minimum pool size, minimum number of loans in each pool, and maximum allowable premiums or discounts on these securities.
- (3) Liquidity risk tolerance and the liquidity characteristics of Farmer Mac securities that are suitable to meet your institutional objectives. A bank may not include Farmer Mac mortgage securities in the liquidity reserve maintained to comply with §615.5134.
- (4) Market risk limits based on the effects that the Farmer Mac securities have on your capital and earnings.

(d) Stress Test. You must perform stress tests on mortgage securities that are issued or guaranteed by Farmer Mac in accordance with the requirements of §615.5141(b) and (c). If a Farmer Mac security fails a stress test, you must divest it as required by §615.5143.

[64 FR 28899, May 28, 1999, as amended at 70 FR 51590, Aug. 31, 2005]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 77 FR 66374, Nov. 5, 2012, §615.5174 was amended by removing the reference "615.5131(f)" in paragraph (a) and adding in its place, the reference "615.5131'; revising paragraph (d); and adding paragraph (e), effective 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER during which either or both Houses of Congress are in session. For the convenience of the user, the added and revised text is set forth as follows:

### § 615.5174 Farmer Mac securities.

\* \* \* \* \*

(d) Stress Test. You must perform stress tests, in accordance with \$615.5133(f)(1)(iii) and \$615.5133(f)(4), on mortgage securities, issued or guaranteed by Farmer Mac, that are backed by loans that you did not originate

(e) You. Means a Farm Credit bank, association, or service corporation.

## §615.5175 Investments in Farm Credit System institution preferred stock.

Except as provided for in §615.5171, Farm Credit banks, associations and service corporations may only purchase preferred stock issued by another Farm Credit System institution, including the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation, with the written prior approval of the Farm Credit Administration. The request for approval should explain the terms and risk characteristics of the investment and the purpose and objectives for making the investment.

[70 FR 53908, Sept. 13, 2005]

### Subpart G—Risk Assessment and Management

Source: 63 FR 39225, July 22, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

# §615.5180 Interest rate risk management by banks—general.

The board of directors of each Farm Credit Bank, bank for cooperatives,